



2024 Survey on the Mental Health of LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado



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www.thetrevorproject.org/survey-2024-by-state

Executive Summary

The Trevor Project is the leading suicide prevention and crisis intervention organization for LGBTQ+ young people. Trevor produces original research that amplifies the experiences of LGBTQ+ young people and adds new knowledge and clinical implications to the suicide prevention field. Since 2019, The Trevor Project has published some of the largest and most diverse surveys of LGBTQ+ young people in the United States, providing critical insights into the public health crisis of suicide among LGBTQ+ youth, as well as data-driven ways to address it.

This report utilizes the data collected through **The Trevor Project's 2024 U.S. National Survey on the Mental Health of LGBTQ+ Young People**, which captured the experiences of more than 18,000 LGBTQ+ young people ages 13-24 across the United States in 2024 – and segments it across all 50 states, Puerto Rico, and Washington, D.C.

State by state, this report offers a unique and detailed look at mental health and suicide risk, access to care, impacts of anti-LGBTQ+ victimization and policies, and methods of support for LGBTQ+ youth – as described by a national sample of LGBTQ+ young people themselves.

These findings underscore the unique challenges faced by LGBTQ+ young people, a group that is disproportionately impacted by suicide not because of who they are, but because of how they are mistreated and stigmatized in society.

We published this report to equip fellow researchers, policymakers, educators, and other youth-facing professionals and organizations with the data they need to protect and uplift LGBTQ+ young people in their communities – and to help end the public health crisis of suicide, once and for all.

We extend a heartfelt gratitude to all the LGBTQ+ young people who bravely shared their experiences with us, and we hope this research helps make your state a safer, healthier, and more inclusive place for you to call home.

— The Trevor Project



Mental Health & Suicide Risk Among LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado



LGBTQ+ young people are **not inherently prone** to higher suicide risk because of their sexual orientation or gender identity. Rather, they are placed at higher risk because of how they are **mistreated and stigmatized in society**.

Suicide Risk

41%

of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado seriously considered suicide in the past year, including 47% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

12%

of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado attempted suicide in the past year, including 15% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

Anxiety & Depression

68%

of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado reported experiencing symptoms of anxiety, including 73% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

56%

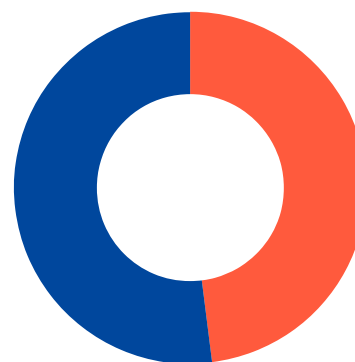
of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado reported experiencing symptoms of depression, including 62% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

Access to Care Among LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado

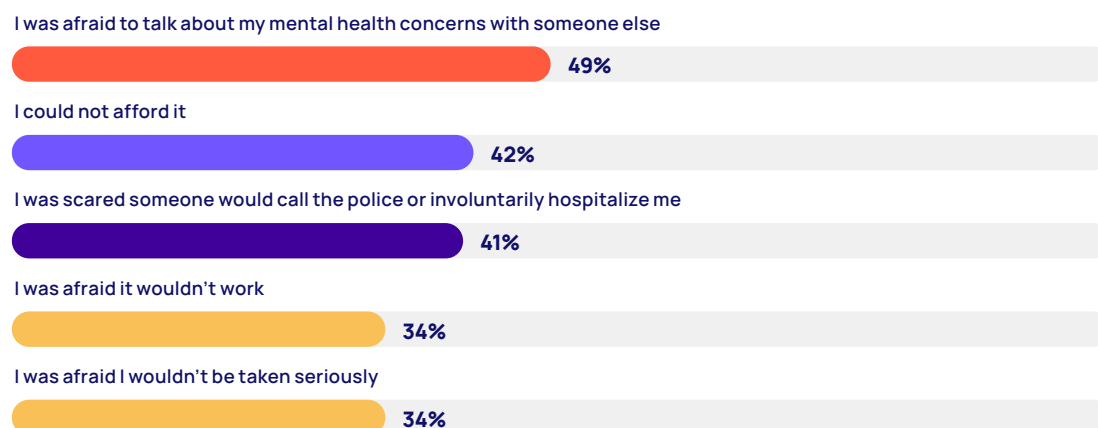


Despite the prevalence of anxiety, depression, and suicide risk among LGBTQ+ young people, approximately half of them were not able to access the mental health care they desired.

Access to Mental Health Care

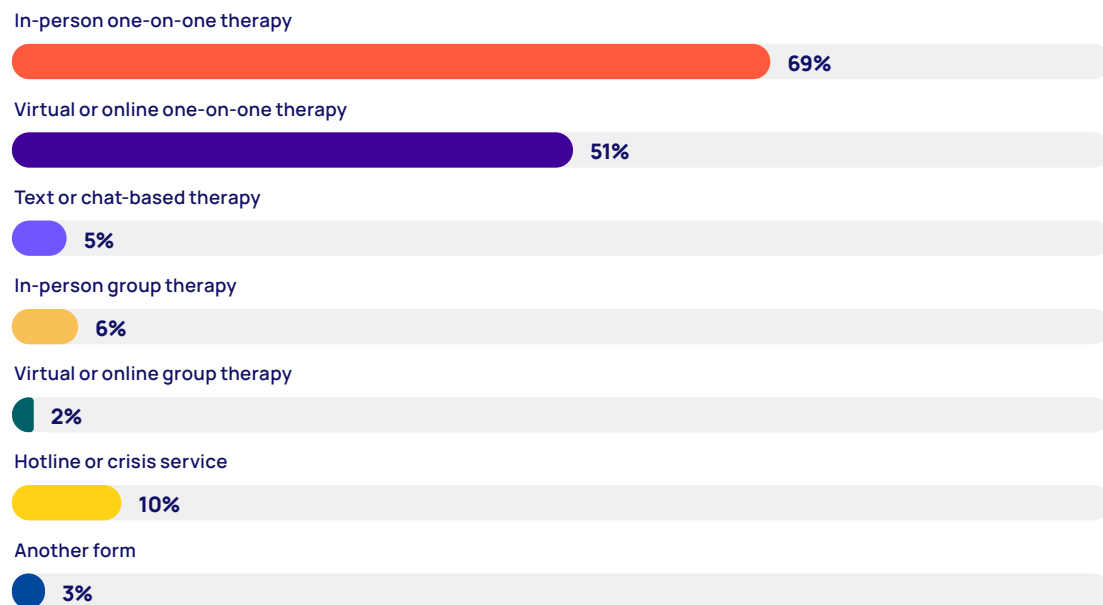


LGBTQ+ young people who wanted mental health care but were unable to get it cited the following top 5 reasons:



Access to Care Among LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado

LGBTQ+ young people able to access mental health care received psychological or emotional counseling in the following ways:



Challenges Faced by LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado



Research consistently finds that LGBTQ+ youth who have experienced anti-LGBTQ+ victimization – including being physically threatened or harmed, discriminated against, or subjected to conversion therapy – report significantly higher rates of attempting suicide.

26%

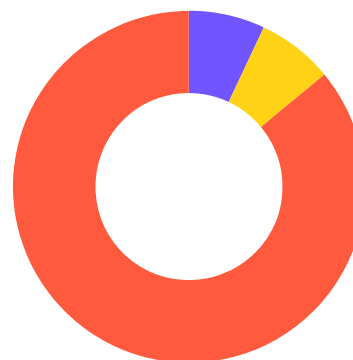
of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado were physically threatened or harmed based on their sexual orientation or gender identity in the past year.

61%

of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado experienced discrimination based on their sexual orientation or gender identity in the past year.

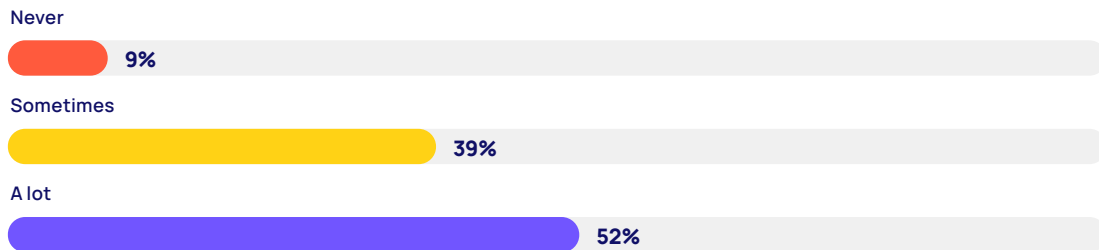
LGBTQ+ young people who reported being threatened with or subjected to conversion therapy:

- 86% Not threatened with or subjected to conversion therapy
- 7% Threatened with conversion therapy
- 7% Subjected to conversion therapy

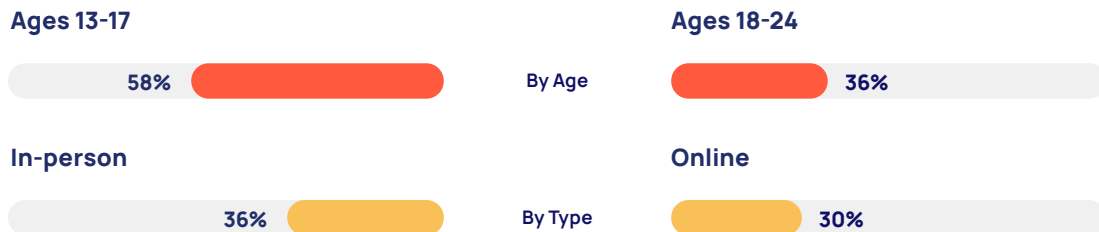


Challenges Faced by LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado

LGBTQ+ young people who reported that recent politics negatively impacted their well-being:



Rates of bullying among LGBTQ+ young people in the past year:



26%

of LGBTQ+ young people reported that they or their family have considered leaving Colorado for another state because of LGBTQ+-related politics and laws, including 29% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

Ways to Support LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado



LGBTQ+ young people report lower rates of attempting suicide when they have access to affirming spaces and communities. They also need the people in their lives to better understand and support their identities and advocate for them.

Affirming spaces among LGBTQ+ young people:

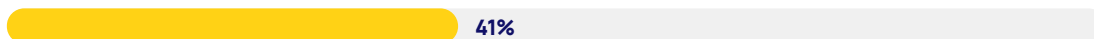
LGBTQ+ young people who identified home as an LGBTQ+-affirming space



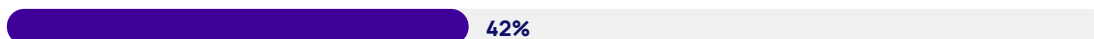
Transgender and nonbinary young people who identified home as an LGBTQ+-affirming space



LGBTQ+ young people who identified school as an LGBTQ+-affirming space



Transgender and nonbinary young people who identified school as an LGBTQ+-affirming space



Rates of LGBTQ+ young people who have felt support in the past year from family:

Low or moderate support

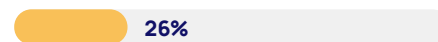


LGBTQ+

High support

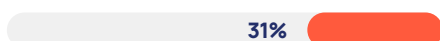


Transgender and Nonbinary



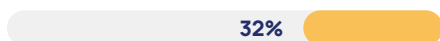
Rates of LGBTQ+ young people who have felt support in the past year from friends:

Low or moderate support



LGBTQ+

High support



Transgender and Nonbinary



Ways to Support LGBTQ+ Young People in Colorado

81%

of LGBTQ+ young people in Colorado say the community where they live is accepting of LGBTQ+ people, including 79% of transgender and nonbinary young people.

LGBTQ+ young people reported the following top 5 actions as ways people in their life can best show their support and acceptance:

Trusting that I know who I am



Not supporting politicians that advocate for anti-LGBTQ+ legislation



Standing up for me



Respecting my pronouns



Looking up things about LGBTQ+ identities on their own to better understand



Demographics in Colorado

Breakdown of Respondents' Demographics

Sample size: N = 450

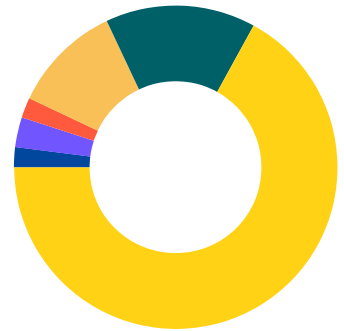
By age

- 47% 13 to 17
- 53% 18 to 24



By race/ethnicity

- 2% Native/Indigenous
- 3% Asian American/Pacific Islander
- 2% Black/African American
- 11% Hispanic/Latinx
- 15% More than one race/ethnicity
- 67% White



By gender identity

- 29% Girl or woman
- 30% Boy or man
- 35% Nonbinary, bigender, genderfluid, or genderqueer
- 7% Not sure or questioning



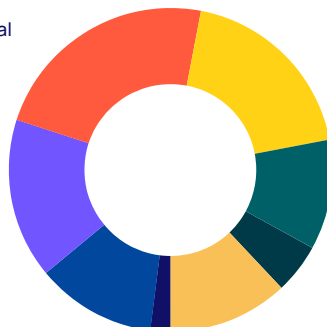
By transgender & nonbinary identity

- 29% Cisgender
- 71% Transgender, nonbinary, or questioning



By sexual orientation

- 2% Straight or heterosexual
- 12% Gay
- 16% Lesbian
- 23% Bisexual
- 19% Pansexual
- 11% Queer
- 5% Questioning
- 12% Asexual



By urbanicity

- 18% Large city
- 49% Suburb
- 28% Small city/town
- 5% Rural





The Trevor Project is the leading suicide prevention organization for lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ+) young people.

We provide 24/7 crisis services for LGBTQ+ young people via a phone lifeline, text, and chat. We also operate innovative research, advocacy, public training, and peer support programs.



Crisis Services



Peer Support



Research



Advocacy



**Education and
Public Awareness**

Methodology

A quantitative cross-sectional design was used to collect data through an online survey platform between September 13 and December 16, 2023. A sample of individuals ages 13 to 24 who resided in the United States, including its territories, was recruited via targeted ads on social media. No recruitment was conducted via The Trevor Project's website or social media channels. Respondents were defined as being LGBTQ+ if they identified with a sexual orientation other than straight/heterosexual, a gender identity other than cisgender, or both. In order to ensure a diverse sample, targeted recruitment was conducted to ensure adequate sample sizes with respect to geography, gender identity, and race/ethnicity. Qualified respondents completed a secure online questionnaire that included a maximum of 134 questions. The questionnaire was offered in English and Spanish. Questions on considering and attempting suicide in the past year were taken from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Youth Risk Behavior Survey to allow for comparisons to their nationally representative sample. Some donut charts may not add up to 100% due to rounding. Please find the complete methodology at: www.thetrevorproject.org/survey-2024/#methodology